

Comparing Powers in the U.S. Constitution Organizer

Directions: After reading “Power to the States!”, explain each type of power in the boxes. Then answer the short response question below:

Type of Power/ Location:	Who holds this power?	Explain this power in your own words:	Examples:
Expressed (enumerated, delegated) Article I Section 8			
Implied (inherent) Article I Section 8			
Concurrent Article I 10th Amendment			
Reserved 10th Amendment			

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 [General Welfare Clause]

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; . . .

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 [Necessary and Proper Clause]

[The Congress shall have Power . . .] To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

What role do the two expressed powers above play in granting Congress implied powers?